

TOWN OF GUILFORD CONFLICT OF INTEREST POLICY

Article 1. Authority. Under the authority granted in 24 V.S.A. § 2291(20), the Town of Guilford Selectboard hereby adopts the following policy concerning conflicts of interest.

Article 2. Purpose. The purpose of this policy is to ensure that the business of this municipality will be conducted in such a way that no public officer of the municipality will gain a personal or financial advantage from his or her work for the municipality and so that the public trust in municipal officials will be preserved. It is also the intent of this policy to ensure that all decisions made by municipal officials are based on the best interest of the community at large.

Article 3. Application. This policy applies to all public officers as that term is defined below.

Article 4. Definitions. For the purposes of this policy, the following definitions shall apply:

A. Conflict of interest means any of the following:

1. A direct or indirect personal or financial interest of a public officer, his or her spouse, household member, child, stepchild, parent, grandparent, grandchild, sibling, aunt or uncle, brother- or sister-in-law, business associate, or employer or employee in the outcome of a cause, proceeding, application, or any other matter pending before the officer or before the public body in which he or she holds office.
2. A situation where a public officer has publicly displayed a prejudgment of the merits of a particular quasi-judicial proceeding. This shall not apply to a member's particular political views or general opinion on a given issue.
3. A situation where a public officer has not disclosed ex parte communications with a party in a quasi-judicial proceeding.

A "conflict of interest" does not arise in the case of votes or decisions on matters in which the public official has a personal or financial interest in the outcome, such as in the establishment of a tax rate that is no greater than that of other persons generally affected by the decision.

B. Emergency means an imminent threat or peril to the public health, safety, or welfare.

C. Ex Parte Communication means direct or indirect communication between a member of a public body and any party, party's representative, party's counsel or any person interested in the outcome of a quasi-judicial proceeding that occurs outside the proceeding and concerns the substance or merits of the proceeding.

D. Official act or action means any legislative, administrative, or quasi-judicial act performed by any public officer while acting on behalf of the municipality.

E. Public body means any board, council, commission, or committee of the municipality.

F. Public interest means an interest of the community as a whole, conferred generally upon all residents of the municipality.

G. Public officer means a person elected or statutorily-appointed to perform executive, administrative, legislative, or quasi-judicial functions for the municipality. This term does not include any municipal employee.

**TOWN OF GUILFORD
CONFLICT OF INTEREST POLICY**

H. Quasi-judicial proceeding means a case in which the legal rights of one or more persons who are granted party status are adjudicated, which is conducted in such a way that all parties have opportunities to present evidence and to cross-examine witnesses presented by other parties, and which results in a written decision, the result of which is appealable by a party to a higher authority.

Article 5. Prohibited Conduct.

- A.** A public officer shall not participate in any official action if he or she has a conflict of interest in the matter under consideration.
- B.** A public officer shall not personally – or through any member of his or her household, business associate, employer or employee – represent, appear for, or negotiate in a private capacity on behalf of any person or organization in a cause, proceeding, application, or other matter pending before the public body in which the public officer holds office.
- C.** A public officer shall not accept gifts or other offerings for personal gain by virtue of his or her public office that are not available to the public in general.
- D.** A public officer shall not use resources unavailable to the general public – including but not limited to municipal staff time, equipment, supplies, or facilities – for private gain or personal purposes.

Article 6. Disclosure. A public officer who has reason to believe that he or she has or may have a conflict of interest in a particular matter shall, prior to participating in any official action on the matter, publicly disclose at a public meeting or public hearing that he or she has an actual or perceived conflict of interest in the matter under consideration and disclose the nature of the actual or perceived conflict of interest. Alternatively, a public officer may request that another public officer recuse him or herself from a matter due to a conflict of interest. (Such request shall not be considered an order for the officer to recuse him or herself).

Article 7. Consideration of Recusal. Once there has been a disclosure of an actual or perceived conflict of interest, other public officers may be afforded an opportunity to ask questions or make comments about the situation. If a previously unknown conflict is discovered during a meeting or hearing conducted by a public body of the municipality, the public body may take evidence pertaining to the conflict and, if appropriate, adjourn to an executive session to address the conflict.

**TOWN OF GUILFORD
CONFLICT OF INTEREST POLICY**

Article 8. Recusal.

- A. Recusal of Elected Officers.** After taking the actions listed in Articles 6 and 7, an elected public officer should declare whether he or she will recuse him or herself and explain the basis for that decision. If the public officer has an actual or perceived conflict of interest but believes that he or she is able to act fairly, objectively, and in the public interest, in spite of the conflict, he or she shall state why he or she believes that he or she is able to act in the matter fairly, objectively, and in the public interest. Each member of an elected public body is independently elected and answers only to the voters. Therefore, unless there is a local ordinance or charter provision that states otherwise, the remaining members of the body may not force recusal. They may only express their opinion about the subject and/or privately or publicly admonish a fellow member who fails to handle conflicts appropriately.
- B. Recusal of Appointed Officers.** The failure of an appointed public officer to recuse himself or herself in spite of a conflict of interest may be grounds for discipline or removal from office.

Article 9. Post-Recusal Procedure.

- C.** A public officer who has recused himself or herself from serving on a public body in a particular proceeding shall not sit with the public body, deliberate with the public body, or participate in that proceeding as a member of the public body in any capacity, though such member may still participate as a member of the public.
- D.** The public body may adjourn the proceedings to a time certain if, after a recusal, it may not be possible to take action through the concurrence of a majority of the total membership of the public body. The public body may then resume the proceeding with sufficient members present.

Article 10. Enforcement.

- A. Enforcement Against Elected Officers; Progressive Consequences for Failure to Follow the Conflict of Interest Procedures.** In cases where an elected public officer has engaged in any of the prohibited conduct listed in Article 5, or has not followed the conflict of interest procedures in Articles 6 through 9, the Town of Guilford Selectboard may take progressive action to discipline such elected officer as follows:
1. The chair of the Town of Guilford Selectboard may meet informally with the public officer to discuss the possible conflict of interest violation. This shall not take place in situations where the chair and the public officer together constitute a quorum of a public body.
 2. The Town of Guilford Selectboard may meet to discuss the conduct of the public officer. Executive session may be used for such discussion in accordance with 1 V.S.A. § 313(a)(4). The public officer may request that this meeting occur in public. If appropriate, the Town of Guilford Selectboard may admonish the offending public officer in private.
 3. If the Town of Guilford Selectboard decides that further action is warranted, the Town of Guilford Selectboard may admonish the offending public officer at an open meeting and reflect this action in the minutes of the meeting. The public officer shall be given the opportunity to respond to the admonishment.
 4. Upon majority vote in an open meeting, the Town of Guilford Selectboard may request (but not order) that the offending public officer resign from his or her office.

**TOWN OF GUILFORD
CONFLICT OF INTEREST POLICY**

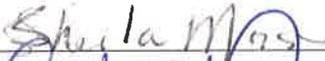
B. Enforcement Against Appointed Officers. The Town of Guilford Selectboard may choose to follow any of the steps articulated in Article 10A. In addition to or in lieu of any of those steps, the Town of Guilford Selectboard may choose to remove an appointed officer from office, subject to state law.

Article 11. Exception. The recusal provisions of Article 8 shall not apply if the Town of Guilford Selectboard determines that an emergency exists and that actions of the public body otherwise could not take place. In such a case, a public officer who has reason to believe he or she has a conflict of interest shall disclose such conflict as provided in Article 6.

Article 12. Annually. In the interest of transparency, at the first organizational meeting of the Selectboard annually, each Selectboard member shall complete a “Conflict of Interest – Related Party Statement & Questionnaire” (Attachment A) for the ensuing year. Any new members appointed to the Selectboard in the interim shall complete the Statement & Questionnaire upon their appointment.

Article 13. Effective Date. This policy shall become effective immediately upon its adoption by the Town of Guilford Selectboard.

Adopted this 22th day of February, 2016:

	Sheila Morse, Chair
	Gabby Ciuffreda
	Richard J. Clark
	Troy Revis, Jr.
	Anne Rider

TOWN OF GUILFORD
CONFLICT OF INTEREST - RELATED PARTY STATEMENT & QUESTIONNAIRE

WHEN THE TERM “YOU” IS USED, IT ALSO MEANS ENTITIES YOU LIST IN RESPONSE TO QUESTION 1.

Question 1:

List your current employer(s) and all entities in which you are an officer or director or have an ownership interest (you may omit publicly traded companies in which your ownership interest is less than 10%).

Question 2:

Do any of the above (or any company in which anyone as described in Article 4.A.1 of the Town of Guilford Conflict of Interest Policy likely to be:

- A. A supplier of goods or of professional or other services to the Town of Guilford, Vermont?
- B. Seeking to enter into any type of financial transaction with the Town of Guilford, Vermont?

YES _____ NO _____

If your answer is “YES”, please list full details including the name of the firm, form and amount of ownership (partner, stockholder, etc.) and title in which owned:

TOWN OF GUILFORD
CONFLICT OF INTEREST - RELATED PARTY STATEMENT & QUESTIONNAIRE

Question 3:

Have you or has anyone as described in Article 4.A.1 of the Town of Guilford Conflict of Interest Policy, within the last year, directly or indirectly, received any salary, wage, professional fee, grant, consulting fee or other compensation or reward as a result of employment by or service to any person or organization which is:

- A. A supplier of goods or of professional or other services to the Town of Guilford, Vermont?
- B. Seeking to enter into any type of financial transaction with the Town of Guilford, Vermont?

YES _____ NO _____

If your answer is "YES", please list full details including the name of the firm, form and amount of ownership (partner, stockholder, etc.) and title in which owned:

Question 4:

Have you or has any immediate family member, within the past three (3) years, annually received, directly or indirectly, provided entertainment, gifts, loans, valuable favor, or any goods or services of substantial value, from anyone who receives business from, seeks to receive business from or renders professional or other services at the request of the Town of Guilford (normal marketing merchandise given to customers in general need not be listed)?

YES _____ NO _____

If your answer is "YES", please list full details:

TOWN OF GUILFORD

CONFLICT OF INTEREST - RELATED PARTY STATEMENT & QUESTIONNAIRE

I certify that the foregoing answers are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I will advise the President & the Executive Director of any subsequent circumstance that arises and that may come within the guidelines of the conflict of Interest and/or related party need for disclosure.

Signature

Printed Name; Title

Date